Table 10 Vegetation Structure (Leaf Area Index)

	DATA OPTION 1: Radarsat, TerrsarX or ALOS Palsar	DATA OPTION 2: Airborne Laser Altimetry
Spatial Dimensions		
Area to cover	Up to 3600 km ²	User defined
Mapping unit	5 m -60 m	0.5 m – 2.5 m
Positional accuracy	Dependent on geo-referencing process	Sub metre vertical and horizontal
Temporal Dimensions		
When	Approx 11 am	User defined
How often	Minimum every 4 days	User defined (can be < 1 day)
Variable to map	Vegetation cover	Vegetation cover
Environmental Restrictions	Significant terrain distortions	Significant terrain distortions
Processing technique (Output)	Empirical or deterministic radiative transfer model of vegetation canopy to estimate LAI	Empirical or deterministic radiative transfer model of vegetation canopy to estimate LAI
	(Vegetation type map and LAI) Note: The ability to map specific targets will depend on their growth form and extent.	(Vegetation type map and LAI) Note: The ability to map specific targets will depend on their growth form and extent.
Resources – Hardware and Software	PC Image processing software	PC Image processing software
Resource – Personnel	Trained in radar data processing Knowledge of area to be mapped	Trained Lidar data processing Knowledge of area to be mapped
References: Note these are some example references	Paloscia (1998)	Riaño et al. (2004)

Terrestrial; Remote Sensing Application Tables,

S.Phinn, & C.Roelfsema, 26/07/2010

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Riaño, D., Valladares, F., Condés, S. and Chuvieco, E. (2004). "Estimation of leaf area index and covered ground from airborne laser scanner (Lidar) in two contrasting forests." <u>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</u>, 124(3-4), 269-275.